



PRESUMPTION OF CORRECTNESS

THE ORIGINAL VALUE SET BY THE ASSESSOR IS PRESUMED TO BE CORRECT.

- It's really an assumption that the
 official knows the rules and
 applied them reasonably.
- Clear, cogent and convincing evidence is required to overcome the presumption.



Presumption applies to:

- original, certified assessed value
- corrected values under manifest error
- offers of stipulated values
- RCW 84.40.0301

What would happen if there was no presumption of correctness?



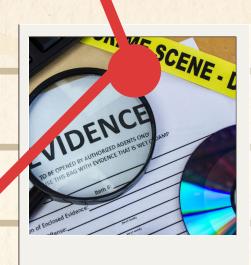
CLEAR, COGENTAND CONVINCING

THE TAXPAYER'S DOUBLE BARREL BURDEN

- Must show its 'highly probable'
 the assessor made an error.
- Must show specific amount of adjustment in value











PREPONDERANCE

'MORE LIKELY THAN NOT' OR '51% SURE'

- Weyerhaeuser Company v. Easter
- Once the taxpayer proves the assessor erred, the taxpayer's suggested value can be considered under preponderance of the evidence.



Q

When do evidence exchanges occur?

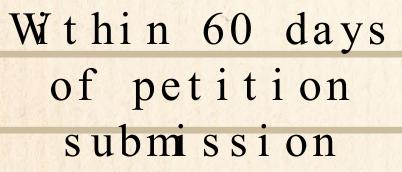


EVIDENCIARY DEADLINES



RCW 84.48.150 & WAC 458-14-066







21 business days before the hearing



New Evidence?

• Taxpayers' expectation is side by side comps

- Valuation info could just be a link to county sales (residential)
- No rebuttal before hearing for either party

VALUATION INFORMATION VS. EVIDENCE

WHAT THE TAXPAYER IS
REQUESTING ON THEIR PETITION.









WAC 458-14-066(4)

• If there's no objection, consider the evidence and proceed.

BOE CHOICES

IN CASES OF MISSED EXCHANGE DEADLINES OR NEW EVIDENCE, WHAT CAN THE BOE DO?

- If there's an objection:
 - Refuse to consider late evidence.
 - Postpone allowing the parties to review any new evidence; or
 - Proceed but allow parties to submit new evidence for comment after the hearing.

Q

What if the BOE is asking for more information?

EXERCISES

In your breakout rooms:

- Review evidence provided for the exercise.
- Discuss with your colleagues: Does the taxpayer's evidence meet the clear, cogent and convincing standard?
- Write a board order based on the scenario.
- Return to the meeting and share your orders.

In each scenario, the Assessor is resting on the presumption of correctness.

You have 15 minutes to discuss, write and return to the meeting.



RECAP

RCW 84. 40. 031
Presumption of
Correctness

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WAC 458-14-066
Deadlines of exchange

Burdens of proof

0.2

Critical evaluation of evidence

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